

CROSS PRODUCT - ANSWERS

Find the cross product $\vec{u} \times \vec{v}$

1. $\vec{u} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$
 $\vec{v} = -4\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \\ -4 & 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -4 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} = 17\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 20\hat{k}$$

2. $\vec{u} = 4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$
 $\vec{v} = -\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} = -8\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + 18\hat{k}$$

3. $\vec{u} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$
 $\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} = 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} = \vec{0}$$

4. $\vec{u} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$
 $\vec{v} = 4\hat{i} + 6\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 4 & 6 & -4 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 6 & -4 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 4 & -4 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} = 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} = \vec{0}$$

5. $\vec{u} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$
 $\vec{v} = -4\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -4 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} = 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + 20\hat{k} = 20\hat{k}$$

6. $\vec{u} = 5\hat{i} + \hat{k}$
 $\vec{v} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{k}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} = 0\hat{i} - 7\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} = -7\hat{j}$$

7. $\vec{u} = \hat{i}$
 $\vec{v} = \hat{j}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \hat{k}$$

8. $\vec{u} = \hat{j}$
 $\vec{v} = \hat{i}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = -\hat{k}$$

9. $\vec{u} = \hat{k}$
 $\vec{v} = \hat{i}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \hat{j}$$

10. $\vec{u} = \hat{i}$
 $\vec{v} = \hat{k}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = -\hat{j}$$

11. Let $\vec{a} = a_1\hat{i} + a_2\hat{j} + a_3\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = b_1\hat{i} + b_2\hat{j} + b_3\hat{k}$, and $\vec{c} = c_1\hat{i} + c_2\hat{j} + c_3\hat{k}$. Then show by direct calculation that $\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
\vec{a} \bullet (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) &= (a_1 \hat{i} + a_2 \hat{j} + a_3 \hat{k}) \bullet \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = (a_1 \hat{i} + a_2 \hat{j} + a_3 \hat{k}) \bullet \left(\begin{vmatrix} b_2 & b_3 \\ c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{i} - \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} \hat{j} + \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_2 \\ c_1 & c_2 \end{vmatrix} \hat{k} \right) \\
&= \begin{vmatrix} b_2 & b_3 \\ c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} a_1 - \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} a_2 + \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_2 \\ c_1 & c_2 \end{vmatrix} a_3 = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}.
\end{aligned}$$